



(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 199109

Roll No.

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## B. Tech.

### (SEM. I) (ODD SEM.) THEORY EXAMINATION, 2014-15 MATHEMATICS - I

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

**Note :** Attempt all questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1 Attempt any two parts :

- a) Find the  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $\frac{(2x+1)}{(2x-1)(2x+3)}$ .
- b) If  $z = \log(e^x + e^y)$  then show that  $rt - s^2 = 0$  where  $r = z_{xx}$ ,  $t = z_{yy}$ ,  $s = z_{xy}$ . Symbols have their usual meanings.
- c) Verify Euler's theorem for function  $u = \log\left(\frac{x^4 + y^4}{x+y}\right)$ .

2 Attempt any TWO parts of the following :

- a) Expand  $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$  in ascending powers of  $x$ .

b) If  $u, v, w$  are roots of equation

$$(x-a)^3 + (x-b)^3 + (x-c)^3 = 0 \text{ find } \frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(a, b, c)}.$$

c) Using Lagrange's method of Maxima and Minima find the shortest distance from the point  $(1, 2, -1)$  to sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 24$ .

3 Attempt any TWO parts of following :

a) Find the rank of matrix by reducing to Normal form

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) Find the eigen values of corresponding eigen vectors

of matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

c) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ , find  $A^{-1}$  and  $A^4$  using Caylay's

Hamilton's theorem.

4 Attempt any TWO parts of following :

a) Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \sin y^2 dy dx$  by changing the order of integration.

b) Evaluate  $\int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dx dy$  by changing into polar coordinates.

c) Prove that  $\frac{\beta(p, q+1)}{q} = \frac{\beta(p+1, q)}{p} = \frac{\beta(p, q)}{p+q}$   
( $p > 0, q > 0$ ).

5 Attempt any TWO of following :

a) Using Green's theorem, evaluate

$$\int_c (x^2 + xy) dx + (x^2 + y^2) dy \text{ where } c \text{ is square formed by lines } x = \pm 1, y = \pm 1.$$

b) Verify divergence theorem for  $\vec{F} = x^3 \hat{i} - y^3 \hat{j} + z^3 \hat{k}$  taken over surface of sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ .

c) If  $\vec{F} = (x^2 + yz) \hat{i} + (y^2 + zx) \hat{j} + (z^2 + xy) \hat{k}$  find  $div \vec{F}$  and  $curl \vec{F}$ .